108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 297

To provide reforms and resources to the Bureau of Indian Affairs to improve the Federal acknowledgment process, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 4, 2003

Mr. Campbell introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Indian Affairs

A BILL

To provide reforms and resources to the Bureau of Indian Affairs to improve the Federal acknowledgment process, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Federal Acknowledg-
- 5 ment Process Reform Act of 2003".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- 8 (1) Indian tribes were sovereign governmental
- 9 entities before the establishment of the United
- 10 States;

- 1 (2) the United States has entered into and rati2 fied treaties with many Indian tribes for the purpose
 3 of establishing government-to-government relation4 ships between the United States and the Indian
 5 tribes;
 6 (3) Federal court decisions have recognized the
 - (3) Federal court decisions have recognized the constitutional power of Congress to establish government-to-government relationships with Indian tribes;
 - (4) in 1970, President Nixon ended the termination policy and inaugurated the policy of Indian self-determination;

(5) in 1978—

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- (A) the Secretary of the Interior delegated authority to the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs to establish a formal process by which the United States acknowledges an Indian tribe; and
- (B) the Bureau of Indian Affairs established the Branch of Acknowledgment and Research to carry out the Federal acknowledgment process; and
- (6) the Federal acknowledgment process was intended to provide the Assistant Secretary with an informed and well-researched basis for making any decision to acknowledge an Indian tribe.

1	(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—
2	(1) to ensure that, in any case in which the
3	United States acknowledges an Indian tribe, it does
4	so with a consistent legal, factual, and historical
5	basis;
6	(2) to provide clear and consistent standards to
7	review documented petitions for acknowledgment;
8	and
9	(3) to clarify evidentiary standards and expedite
10	the administrative review process for petitions by—
11	(A) establishing deadlines for decisions;
12	and
13	(B) providing adequate resources to proc-
14	ess petitions.
15	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
16	In this Act:
16 17	In this Act: (1) ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The term "acknowl-
17	(1) Acknowledgment.—The term "acknowl-
17 18	(1) ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The term "acknowledgment", with respect to a determination by the
17 18 19	(1) Acknowledgment.—The term "acknowledgment", with respect to a determination by the Assistant Secretary, means acknowledgment by the
17 18 19 20	(1) Acknowledgment.—The term "acknowledgment", with respect to a determination by the Assistant Secretary, means acknowledgment by the United States that—
17 18 19 20 21	(1) Acknowledgment.—The term "acknowledgment", with respect to a determination by the Assistant Secretary, means acknowledgment by the United States that— (A) an Indian group is an Indian tribe
17 18 19 20 21 22	(1) Acknowledgment.—The term "acknowledgment", with respect to a determination by the Assistant Secretary, means acknowledgment by the United States that— (A) an Indian group is an Indian tribe having a government-to-government relationship

- by the United States to members of Indian
 tribes because of the status of those members
 as Indians.
 - (2) Assistant Secretary.—The term "Assistant Secretary" means the Assistant Secretary for Indian Affairs of the Department.
 - (3) Autonomous.—The term "autonomous", with respect to an Indian group and in the context of the history, geography, culture, and social organization of the Indian group, means an Indian group that exercises the political influence or authority of the Indian group independently of the control of any other Indian group.
 - (4) Board.—The term "Board" means the Independent Review and Advisory Board established under section 6(a).
 - (5) Bureau.—The term "Bureau" means the Bureau of Indian Affairs.
 - (6) COMMUNITY.—The term "community" means any group of people living within a particular area that, in the context of the history, culture, and social organization of the group, and taking into account the geography of the region in which the group is located, is able to demonstrate that—

1	(A) consistent interactions and significant
2	social relationships exist within the member-
3	ship; and
4	(B) the members of the group are differen-
5	tiated from and identified as distinct from non-
6	members.
7	(7) Continuous.—With respect to the history
8	of a group, the term "continuous" means the period
9	beginning with calendar year 1900 and continuing to
10	the present time substantially without interruption.
11	(8) Department.—The term "Department"
12	means the Department of the Interior.
13	(9) Documented Petition.—The term "docu-
14	mented petition" means a petition for acknowledg-
15	ment consisting of a detailed, factual exposition and
16	arguments, and related documentary evidence, that
17	specifically address requirements for acknowledg-
18	ment established by the Assistant Secretary under
19	section 4(b).
20	(10) HISTORICAL PERIOD.—The term "histor-
21	ical period" means the period beginning with 1900
22	and continuing through the date of submission of a
23	petition for acknowledgment under this Act.
24	(11) History.—The term "history", with re-

spect to an Indian group or Indian tribe, means the

1	existence of the Indian group or Indian tribe during
2	the historical period.
3	(12) Independent research institution.—
4	The term "independent research institution" means
5	an academic or museum institution that—
6	(A) employs significant resources toward
7	the study of anthropology and other human
8	sciences that are commonly used in reviewing
9	petitions for acknowledgment; and
10	(B) could readily detail those resources to
11	assist the Assistant Secretary in reviewing
12	those petitions.
13	(13) Indian Group.—The term "Indian
14	group" means any Indian band, pueblo, village, or
15	community that is not acknowledged.
16	(14) Indian tribe.—The term "Indian tribe"
17	has the meaning given the term in section 4 of the
18	Indian Self-Determination and Education Assistance
19	Act (25 U.S.C. 450b).
20	(15) Interested party.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—The term "interested
22	party" means any person, organization, or
23	other entity that—

1	(i) establishes a legal, factual, or
2	property interest in a determination of ac-
3	knowledgment; and
4	(ii) requests an opportunity to submit
5	comments or evidence, or to be kept in-
6	formed of general actions, regarding a spe-
7	cific petition.
8	(B) Inclusions.—The term "interested
9	party" includes—
10	(i) the Governor of any State;
11	(ii) the Attorney General of any State;
12	(iii) any unit of local government; and
13	(iv) any Indian tribe, or Indian group,
14	that may be directly affected by a deter-
15	mination of acknowledgment.
16	(16) Letter of intent.—The term "letter of
17	intent" means an undocumented letter or resolution
18	that—
19	(A) indicates the intent of an Indian group
20	to submit a documented petition for Federal ac-
21	knowledgment;
22	(B) is dated and signed by the governing
23	body of the Indian group; and
24	(C) is submitted to the Department.

1	(17) Petitioner.—The term "petitioner"
2	means any Indian group that submits a letter of in-
3	tent to the Assistant Secretary.
4	(18) PILOT PROJECT.—The term "pilot
5	project" means the Federal acknowledgment re-
6	search pilot project established under section 6(c).
7	(19) Political influence or authority.—
8	The term "political influence or authority", with re-
9	spect to the exercise or maintenance by an Indian
10	group, means the use by the Indian group of a tribal
11	council, leadership, internal process, or other mecha-
12	nism, in the context of the history, culture, and so-
13	cial organization of the Indian group, as a means
14	of—
15	(A) influencing or controlling the behavior
16	of members of the Indian group in a significant
17	manner;
18	(B) making decisions for the Indian group
19	that substantially affect members of the Indian
20	group; or
21	(C) representing the Indian group in deal-
22	ing with nonmembers in matters of consequence
23	to the Indian group.
24	(20) Secretary.—The term "Secretary"
25	means the Secretary of the Interior.

1	(21) Treaty.—The term "treaty" means any
2	treaty—
3	(A) negotiated and ratified by the United
4	States on or before March 3, 1871, with, or on
5	behalf of, any Indian group or Indian tribe;
6	(B) made by any government with, or on
7	behalf of, any Indian group or Indian tribe, as
8	a result of which the Federal Government or
9	the colonial government that was the prede-
10	cessor to the Federal Government subsequently
11	acquired territory by purchase, conquest, annex-
12	ation, or cession; or
13	(C) negotiated by the United States with,
14	or on behalf of, any Indian group in California,
15	regardless of whether the treaty was subse-
16	quently ratified.
17	(22) Tribal roll.—The term "tribal roll"
18	means a list exclusively of individuals who—
19	(A)(i) have been determined by an Indian
20	tribe to meet the membership requirements of
21	the Indian tribe, as described in the governing
22	document of the Indian tribe; or
23	(ii) in the absence of a governing document
24	that describes those requirements, have been

1	recognized as members of the Indian tribe by
2	the governing body of the Indian tribe; and
3	(B) have affirmatively demonstrated con-
4	sent to being listed as members of the Indian
5	tribe.
6	SEC. 4. ACKNOWLEDGMENT PROCESS.
7	(a) Letter of Intent.—
8	(1) In General.—An Indian group that de-
9	sires to initiate with the Department a petition for
10	acknowledgment shall submit to the Assistant Sec-
11	retary a letter of intent that provides to the Assist-
12	ant Secretary relevant information concerning the
13	Indian group that may be used to provide notice to
14	interested parties.
15	(2) Contents.—The Indian group shall in-
16	clude in the letter of intent, to the maximum extent
17	practicable—
18	(A) the current name of the Indian group
19	and any name by which the Indian group may
20	have been identified throughout the history of
21	the Indian group;
22	(B) the 1 or more names of the governing
23	body of the Indian group;
24	(C) the current address of the governing
25	body of the Indian group; and

1	(D) a brief narrative of the history of the
2	Indian group describing—
3	(i) the geographic areas in which the
4	Indian group may have been located dur-
5	ing that history; and
6	(ii) any relationships of the Indian
7	group with other Indian tribes or Indian
8	groups.
9	(3) Notice.—Not later than 90 days after the
10	date of receipt of a letter of intent from an Indian
11	group, the Assistant Secretary shall notify the In-
12	dian group and interested parties whether the letter
13	of intent reasonably identifies the Indian group.
14	(b) Requirements for Petitions.—
15	(1) EVIDENCE.—
16	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
17	paragraph (2), on or after filing a letter of in-
18	tent, an Indian group that seeks acknowledg-
19	ment shall submit to the Assistant Secretary a
20	petition accompanied by evidence that dem-
21	onstrates the existence of the Indian group dur-
22	ing the historical period.
23	(B) EVIDENCE RELATING TO HISTORICAL
24	EXISTENCE.—To establish the existence of an
25	Indian group during the historical period, a pe-

- tition shall include evidence that demonstrates with reasonable likelihood that each factor described in section 5 with respect to the petition has been achieved by the petitioner.
 - (C) Access to Library of Congress AND National Archives.—On request by a petitioner, the appropriate officials of the Library of Congress and the National Archives shall permit access by the petitioner to the resources, records, and documents relating to the petitioner for the purposes of conducting research and preparing evidence concerning the status of the petitioner.
 - (2) Ineligible groups and entities shall not be eligible to submit to the Assistant Secretary a petition for acknowledgment under this Act:
 - (A) Any Indian tribe, organized band, pueblo, community, or Alaska Native entity that, as of the date of enactment of this Act, is acknowledged.
 - (B) Any Indian group, political faction, or community that separates from the main population of an Indian tribe, unless the Indian group, faction, or community establishes to the

satisfaction of the Assistant Secretary that the Indian group, political faction, or community has functioned as an autonomous Indian group throughout the historical period.

- (C) Any Indian group, or successor in interest of an Indian group (other than an Indian tribe, organized band, pueblo, community, or Alaska native entity described in subparagraph (A)), that, before the date of enactment of this Act, in accordance with regulations promulgated by the Secretary, petitioned for, and was denied or refused, acknowledgment based on the merits of the petition (except that nothing in this subparagraph excludes any group that Congress has identified as an Indian group but has not identified as an Indian tribe).
- (D) Any Indian group the relationship of which with the Federal Government was expressly terminated by an Act of Congress.
- 20 (c) Notice of Receipt of a Petition; Sched-21 ule.—
- 22 (1) Publication.—
- 23 (A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days 24 after the date on which the Assistant Secretary 25 receives a documented petition under subsection

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1	(b), the Assistant Secretary shall publish in the
2	Federal Register a notice of receipt of the peti-
3	tion.
4	(B) Inclusions.—The notice shall in-
5	clude—
6	(i) the name and location of the peti-
7	tioner;
8	(ii) such other information as the As-
9	sistant Secretary determines will identify
10	the petitioner;
11	(iii) the date of receipt of the petition;
12	(iv) information describing 1 or more
13	locations at which a copy of the petition
14	and related submissions may be examined
15	by the public; and
16	(v) a description of the procedure by
17	which an interested party may submit—
18	(I) evidence in support of or in
19	opposition to the request of the peti-
20	tioner for acknowledgment; or
21	(II) a request to be kept in-
22	formed of all actions affecting the pe-
23	tition.
24	(2) Schedule.—Not later than 60 days after
25	the date of publication of a notice under paragraph

1	(1)(A), the Assistant Secretary shall establish a
2	schedule for—
3	(A) the submission of evidence and argu-
4	ments relating to the petition; and
5	(B) the publication of proposed findings of
6	the Assistant Secretary with respect to the peti-
7	tion.
8	(d) REVIEW OF PETITIONS.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—On receipt of a documented
10	petition, the Assistant Secretary, in accordance with
11	the schedule established under subsection $(c)(2)$,
12	shall—
13	(A) conduct a review to determine whether
14	the petitioner is entitled to acknowledgment;
15	and
16	(B) publish in the Federal Register the
17	proposed findings of the Assistant Secretary
18	with respect to that determination.
19	(2) Content of Review.—The review con-
20	ducted under paragraph (1) shall include consider-
21	ation of—
22	(A) the petition;
23	(B) any supporting evidence; and
24	(C) any factual statements contained in
25	the petition relating to other submissions, in-

1	cluding oral accounts of the history of the peti-
2	tioner submitted by the petitioner.
3	(3) Consideration of Evidence.—Evidence
4	received from interested parties under subsection
5	(c)(1)(B)(v)(I) shall be—
6	(A) considered by the Assistant Secretary;
7	and
8	(B) noted in any final determination re-
9	garding a petition.
10	(4) Other Research.—In conducting a review
11	under this subsection, the Assistant Secretary
12	may—
13	(A) initiate other research for any purpose
14	relating to—
15	(i) analysis of the petition; or
16	(ii) the acquisition of additional infor-
17	mation concerning the status of the peti-
18	tioner;
19	(B) initiate research through the pilot
20	project or the Board; and
21	(C) consider evidence submitted by inter-
22	ested parties, including oral accounts of the his-
23	tory of the petitioner submitted by other Indian
24	tribes.

- DENCE.—If the Assistant Secretary determines that,
 for any period of time, evidence necessary to carry
 out this subsection is lacking, the lack of evidence
 shall not be the basis for a determination of the Assistant Secretary not to acknowledge a petitioner if
 the Assistant Secretary determines that the lack of
 evidence may be attributed to—
 - (A) any applicable official act of the Federal Government or a State government; or
 - (B) any applicable unofficial act of an officer or agent of the Federal Government or a State government.

(e) Final Determination.—

(1) In General.—On review of all evidence submitted under section 5 and this section and the results of research conducted under section 5 and this section by the Assistant Secretary (including through the pilot project or the Board), and after providing a petitioner an opportunity to respond to proposed findings of the Assistant Secretary against acknowledgment, the Assistant Secretary shall make a final determination in writing whether the petitioner is entitled to acknowledgment.

1	(2) Facts and conclusions.—A final deter-
2	mination under paragraph (1) shall include all facts
3	and conclusions of law in accordance with which the
4	final determination was made.
5	(3) Notification of acknowledgment.—If
6	the Assistant Secretary determines under paragraph
7	(1) that a petitioner is entitled to acknowledgment,
8	the Assistant Secretary shall—
9	(A) acknowledge the petitioner;
10	(B) notify the petitioner and any interested
11	parties of the final determination to acknowl-
12	edge the petitioner;
13	(C) provide to the petitioner and any inter-
14	ested parties a copy of the final determination;
15	and
16	(D) not later than 7 days after notifying
17	the petitioner and any interested parties under
18	subparagraph (B), publish in the Federal Reg-
19	ister a notice of the final determination of ac-
20	knowledgment.
21	(f) Judicial Review.—
22	(1) In general.—Not later than 60 days after
23	the date of publication of the notice of a final deter-
24	mination described in subsection (e)(3)(D), a peti-
25	tioner may seek judicial review of the final deter-

1	mination by the United States District Court for the
2	District of Columbia.
3	(2) STATEMENT OF INTENT.—It is the intent of
4	Congress that, in accordance with Federal law relat-
5	ing to interpretations of treaties and Acts of Con-
6	gress affecting the rights, powers, privileges, and im-
7	munities of Indian tribes, any ambiguity in this Act
8	be liberally construed in favor of an Indian group or
9	Indian tribe.
10	(g) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
11	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
12	\$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2004 through 2013.
13	SEC. 5. DOCUMENTED PETITIONS.
14	(a) Factors for Consideration.—A petition for
15	acknowledgment submitted by an Indian group shall be
16	in any readable form that—
17	(1) clearly indicates that the petition is a docu-
18	mented petition requesting acknowledgment of the
19	Indian group; and
20	(2) contains detailed, specific evidence as de-
21	scribed in subsections (b) through (g).
22	(b) STATEMENT OF FACTS RELATING TO IDEN-
23	TITY.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—A petition described in sub-
25	section (a) shall contain a statement of facts and an

- analysis of those facts establishing that the petitioner has been identified as an Indian group in the United States on a substantially continuous basis.
 - (2) Previous denials of status.—The Assistant Secretary shall not consider any evidence that the status of the petitioner as an Indian group has previously been denied to be conclusive evidence that the factor described in paragraph (1) has not been met.
 - (3) EVIDENCE RELATING TO IDENTITY.—In determining the Indian identity of a group, the Assistant Secretary may use as evidence 1 or more of the following:
 - (A) An identification of the petitioner as an Indian entity by any department, agency, or instrumentality of the Federal Government.
 - (B) A relationship between the petitioner and any State government, based on an identification of the petitioner by the State as an Indian entity.
 - (C) Any dealings of the petitioner with a county or political subdivision of a State in a relationship based on an identification of the petitioner as an Indian group.

1	(D) An identification of the petitioner as
2	an Indian group by records in a private or pub-
3	lie archive, courthouse, church, or school.
4	(E) An identification of the petitioner as
5	an Indian group by an anthropologist, histo-
6	rian, or other scholar.
7	(F) An identification of the petitioner as
8	an Indian group in a newspaper, book, or simi-
9	lar medium.
10	(G) An identification of the petitioner as
11	an Indian group by an Indian tribe or by a na-
12	tional, regional, or State Indian organization.
13	(H) An identification of the petitioner as
14	an Indian group by a foreign government or an
15	international organization.
16	(I) Such other evidence of identification as
17	may be provided by a person or entity other
18	than the petitioner or a member of the member-
19	ship of the petitioner.
20	(c) Statement of Facts Relating to Evidence
21	of Community.—
22	(1) In general.—A petition described in sub-
23	section (a) shall include a statement of facts and an
24	analysis of those facts establishing that a predomi-
25	nant portion of the membership of the petitioner—

1	(A) comprises a community distinct from
2	the communities surrounding that community;
3	and
4	(B) has existed as a community through-
5	out the historical period.
6	(2) EVIDENCE RELATING TO COMMUNITY.—In
7	determining whether the membership of the peti-
8	tioner meets the requirements of paragraph (1), the
9	Assistant Secretary may use as evidence 1 or more
10	of the following:
11	(A) Significant rates of marriage within
12	the membership of the petitioner, or, as may be
13	culturally required, patterned out-marriages
14	with other Indian populations.
15	(B) Significant social relationships con-
16	necting individual members of the petitioner.
17	(C) Significant rates of informal social
18	interaction that exist broadly among the mem-
19	bers of the petitioner.
20	(D) A significant degree of shared or coop-
21	erative labor or other economic activity among
22	the membership of the petitioner.
23	(E) Evidence of strong patterns of dis-
24	crimination or other social distinctions against
25	members of the petitioner by nonmembers.

1	(F) Shared sacred or secular ritual activity
2	encompassing a majority of members of the pe-
3	titioner.
4	(G) Cultural patterns that—
5	(i) are shared among a significant
6	portion of the members of the petitioner;
7	(ii) are different from the cultural
8	patterns of the non-Indian populations
9	with whom the membership of the peti-
10	tioner interacts;
11	(iii) function as more than a symbolic
12	identification of the petitioner as Indian;
13	and
14	(iv) may include language, kinship, or
15	religious organizations, or religious beliefs
16	and practices.
17	(H) The persistence of a named, collective
18	Indian identity during a continuous period of at
19	least 50 years, notwithstanding any change in
20	name.
21	(I) A demonstration of historical political
22	influence or authority of the petitioner.
23	(J) A demonstration that not less than 50
24	percent of the members of the petitioner exhibit

1	collateral kinship ties through generations to
2	the third degree.
3	(3) Criteria for sufficient evidence.—
4	The Assistant Secretary shall consider a petitioner
5	to have provided sufficient evidence of community
6	under this subparagraph if the petitioner has pro-
7	vided to the Assistant Secretary evidence dem-
8	onstrating that, throughout the historical period—
9	(A)(i) more than 50 percent of the mem-
10	bers of the petitioner reside in a particular geo-
11	graphical area exclusively, or almost exclusively,
12	composed of members of the group; and
13	(ii) the balance of the membership main-
14	tains consistent social interaction with other
15	members of the petitioner;
16	(B) not less than ½ of the marriages of
17	the petitioner are between members of the peti-
18	tioner;
19	(C) not less than 50 percent of the mem-
20	bers of the petitioner maintain distinct cultural
21	patterns, including language, kinship, and reli-
22	gious organizations, or religious beliefs or prac-
23	tices;
24	(D) distinct community social institutions
25	(such as kinship organizations, formal or infor-

1	mal economic cooperation, and religious organi-
2	zations) encompass at least 50 percent of the
3	members of the petitioner; or
4	(E) the petitioner has met the requirement
5	under subsection (d)(1) using evidence de-
6	scribed in subsection $(d)(2)$.
7	(d) STATEMENT OF FACTS RELATING TO AUTONO-
8	MOUS NATURE OF PETITIONER.—
9	(1) In general.—A petition described in sub-
10	section (a) shall include a statement of facts and ar
11	analysis of those facts establishing that the peti-
12	tioner has maintained political influence or authority
13	over members of the petitioner throughout the his-
14	torical period.
15	(2) EVIDENCE RELATING TO AUTONOMOUS NA-
16	TURE.—In determining whether a petitioner is an
17	autonomous entity under paragraph (1), the Assist-
18	ant Secretary may use as evidence 1 or more of the
19	following:
20	(A) A demonstration that the petitioner is
21	capable of mobilizing significant numbers of
22	members and significant member resource for
23	purposes relating to the petitioner.
24	(B) Evidence that most of the members of
25	the petitioner consider actions taken by leaders

1	or governing bodies of the petitioner to be of
2	personal importance.
3	(C) Evidence that there is widespread
4	knowledge, communication, and involvement in
5	political processes of the petitioner by a major-
6	ity of the members of the petitioner.
7	(D) Evidence that the petitioner meets the
8	requirement of subsection (c)(1) at more than
9	a minimal level.
10	(E) A demonstration by the petitioner that
11	there are conflicts within the membership that
12	demonstrate controversy over valued goals,
13	properties, policies, processes, or decisions of
14	the petitioner.
15	(F) A demonstration or description by the
16	petitioner of—
17	(i) a continuous line of leaders of the
18	petitioner; and
19	(ii) the means by which a majority of
20	the members of the petitioner selected, or
21	approved the selection of, those leaders.
22	(3) Evidence of exercise of political in-
23	FLUENCE OR AUTHORITY.—The Assistant Secretary
24	shall consider a petitioner to have provided sufficient
25	evidence to demonstrate the exercise of political in-

fluence or authority if the petitioner demonstrates
that decisions by leaders of the petitioner (or deci-
sions made through another decisionmaking process)
have been made throughout the historical period
with respect to—
(A) the allocation of group resources such
as land, residence rights, or similar resources
on a consistent basis;
(B) the settlement on a regular basis, by
mediation or other means, of disputes between
members or subgroups of members of the peti-
tioner (such as clans or lineages);
(C) the exertion of strong influence on the
behavior of individual members of the peti-
tioner, such as the establishment or mainte-
nance of norms and the enforcement of sanc-
tions to direct or control behavior; or
(D) the organization or influencing of eco-
nomic subsistence activities among the members
of the petitioner, including shared or coopera-
tive labor.
(e) Governing Document.—
(1) In general.—A petition described in sub-
section (a) shall include a copy of the governing doc-

ument of the petitioner in effect as of the date of

1	submission of the petition that includes a description
2	of the membership criteria of the petitioner.
3	(2) ALTERNATIVE STATEMENT.—If no written
4	governing document described in paragraph (1) ex-
5	ists, a petitioner shall include with a petition de-
6	scribed in subsection (a) a detailed statement that
7	describes—
8	(A) the membership criteria of the peti-
9	tioner; and
10	(B) the governing procedures of the peti-
11	tioner in effect as of the date of submission of
12	the petition.
13	(f) List of Members.—
14	(1) In general.—A petition described in sub-
15	section (a) shall include—
16	(A) a list of all members of the petitioner
17	as of the date of submission of the petition that
18	includes for each member—
19	(i) a full name (and maiden name, if
20	any);
21	(ii) a date and place of birth; and
22	(iii) a current residential address;
23	(B) a copy of each available former list of
24	members of the petitioner; and

1	(C) a statement describing the methods
2	used in preparing those lists.
3	(2) Requirements for membership.—In de-
4	termining whether to consider the members of a pe-
5	titioner to be members of an Indian group for the
6	purpose of a petition described in subparagraph (A),
7	the Assistant Secretary shall require that the mem-
8	bership consist of descendants of—
9	(A) an Indian group that existed during
10	the historical period; or
11	(B) 1 or more Indian groups that, at any
12	time during the historical period, combined and
13	functioned as a single autonomous entity.
14	(3) EVIDENCE OF TRIBAL MEMBERSHIP.—In
15	making the determination under paragraph (2), the
16	Assistant Secretary may use as evidence 1 or more
17	of the following:
18	(A) Tribal rolls prepared by the Secretary
19	for the petitioner for the purpose of distributing
20	claims money or providing allotments, or for
21	other any other purpose.
22	(B) Any Federal, State, or other official
23	record or evidence identifying members of the
24	petitioner as of the date of submission of the
25	petition, or ancestors of those members, as

- being descendants of an Indian group described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2).
 - (C) Any church, school, or other similar enrollment record identifying members of the petitioner as of the date of submission of the petition, or ancestors of those members, as being descendants of an Indian group described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2).
 - (D) An affidavit of recognition by tribal elders, tribal leaders, or a tribal governing body identifying members of the petitioner as of the date of submission of the petition, or ancestors of those members, as being descendants of an Indian group described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2).
 - (E) Any other record or evidence based on firsthand experience of a historian, anthropologist, or genealogist with established expertise on the petitioner or Indian entities in general, identifying members of the petitioner as of the date of submission of the petition, or ancestors of those members, as being descendants of an Indian group described in subparagraph (A) or (B) of paragraph (2).

(g) Exceptions.—

1	(1) In General.—An Indian group described
2	in paragraph (2) shall be required to provide evi-
3	dence for a petition for acknowledgment submitted
4	under this section only with respect to the period—
5	(A) beginning on the date on which the
6	Department first notifies the Indian group that
7	the Indian group is not eligible for Federal
8	services or programs because of a lack of status
9	as an Indian tribe; and
10	(B) ending on the date of submission of
11	the petition.
12	(2) Indian group referred
13	to in this paragraph is an Indian group that dem-
14	onstrates by a reasonable likelihood of the validity of
15	the evidence that the Indian group was, or is a suc-
16	cessor in interest to—
17	(A) a party to 1 or more treaties;
18	(B) a group acknowledged by any agency
19	of the Federal Government as eligible to partici-
20	pate in a project or activity under the Act of
21	June 18, 1934 (commonly known as the "In-
22	dian Reorganization Act") (25 U.S.C. 461 et
23	seq.);
24	(C) a group—

1	(i) for the benefit of which the United
2	States took land into trust; or
3	(ii) that has been treated by the Fed-
4	eral Government as having collective rights
5	in tribal land or funds; or
6	(D) a group that has been designated as
7	an Indian tribe by an Act of Congress or Exec-
8	utive order.
9	SEC. 6. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES.
10	(a) Independent Review and Advisory
11	Board.—
12	(1) In General.—The Assistant Secretary
13	shall establish the Independent Review and Advisory
14	Board—
15	(A) to assist the Assistant Secretary in ad-
16	dressing unique evidentiary questions relating
17	to the acknowledgment process;
18	(B) to provide secondary peer review of ac-
19	knowledgment determinations by the Assistant
20	Secretary; and
21	(C) to enhance the credibility of the ac-
22	knowledgment process as perceived by Con-
23	gress, petitioners, interested parties, and the
24	public.
25	(2) Number and qualifications.—

1	(A) In General.—The Board shall be
2	composed of 9 individuals appointed by the As-
3	sistant Secretary, of whom—
4	(i) at least 3 individuals shall have a
5	doctoral degree in anthropology;
6	(ii) at least 3 individuals shall have a
7	doctoral degree in genealogy;
8	(iii) at least 2 individuals shall have a
9	doctor of jurisprudence degree; and
10	(iv) at least 1 individual shall be
11	qualified as a historian, as determined by
12	the Assistant Secretary.
13	(B) Preference.—In making appoint-
14	ments under subparagraph (A), the Assistant
15	Secretary shall give preference to individuals
16	having an academic background or professional
17	experience in Federal Indian policy or American
18	Indian history.
19	(C) Conflicts of interest.—No mem-
20	ber of the Board shall, at the time of appoint-
21	ment or during the 1-year period preceding the
22	date of appointment, have represented, or con-
23	ducted research for, any Indian group or inter-
24	ested party with respect to a petition for ac-

1	knowledgment filed, or intended to be filed,
2	with the Assistant Secretary.
3	(D) STATUS AS EMPLOYEES.—A member
4	of the Board shall not be considered to be an
5	employee of the Department.
6	(3) Tenure; reimbursement.—
7	(A) TENURE.—A member of the Board—
8	(i) shall be appointed for an initial
9	term of 2 years; and
10	(ii) may be reappointed for such addi-
11	tional terms as the Assistant Secretary de-
12	termines to be appropriate.
13	(B) Reimbursement.—A member of the
14	Board shall be reimbursed for reasonable ex-
15	penses incurred in assisting the Assistant Sec-
16	retary under this section, in accordance with
17	Department policy regarding reimbursement of
18	expenses for individuals serving as advisory
19	board or committee members.
20	(4) Review and advice.—
21	(A) Before issuance of proposed
22	FINDINGS.—At any time before the date of
23	issuance of proposed findings under section
24	4(d)(1)(B) with respect to a petition for ac-
25	knowledgment under review by the Assistant

1	Secretary, the Assistant Secretary may request
2	an opinion from the Board with respect to the
3	petition if the Assistant Secretary determines
4	that—
5	(i) the petition contains 1 or more evi-
6	dentiary submissions that raise unique
7	issues or matters of first impression relat-
8	ing to 1 or more requirements described in
9	section 5; or
10	(ii) the Assistant Secretary is unable
11	to determine the sufficiency of evidence for
12	1 or more of those requirements.
13	(B) AFTER ISSUANCE OF PROPOSED FIND-
14	INGS.—After issuance by the Assistant Sec-
15	retary of proposed findings under section
16	4(d)(1)(B), but before issuance of the final de-
17	termination, with respect to a petition, the As-
18	sistant Secretary shall request a review by the
19	Board of the proposed findings.
20	(C) LEVEL OF REVIEW.—
21	(i) In General.—The Board shall
22	conduct a review requested under subpara-
23	graph (B) to determine whether an evi-
24	dentiary question or deficiency exists with

1	respect to 1 or more requirements relating
2	to a petition.
3	(ii) Limitation by assistant sec-
4	RETARY OF SCOPE OF REVIEW.—In re-
5	questing a review under subparagraph (B)
6	the Assistant Secretary may restrict the
7	scope of the review to address fewer than
8	all matters with respect to a petition.
9	(iii) Limitation by Board of Scope
10	of review.—In carrying out a review
11	under subparagraph (B), the Board, in ac-
12	cordance with all applicable professional
13	standards of the members of the Board
14	may—
15	(I) confine the review to—
16	(aa) the evidence submitted
17	or
18	(bb) the proposed findings
19	issued under section 4(d)(1)(B);
20	(II) extend the review to the evi-
21	dence submitted by petitioners and in-
22	terested parties;
23	(III) request that the Assistant
24	Secretary request additional submis-

1	sions by petitioners or interested par-
2	ties; and
3	(IV) recommend that the Assist-
4	ant Secretary hold a formal or infor-
5	mal administrative proceeding at
6	which the Board may present ques-
7	tions to, and seek additional informa-
8	tion from, petitioners and interested
9	parties.
10	(b) Assistance to Petitioners and Interested
11	Parties.—
12	(1) Grants.—
13	(A) In general.—Subject to paragraph
14	(2), the Assistant Secretary may provide to a
15	petitioner or interested party a grant to offset
16	costs incurred in submitting—
17	(i) a petition (including related evi-
18	dence or documents); or
19	(ii) a legal argument in support of or
20	in opposition to a petition.
21	(B) LIMITATION.—In making grants under
22	subparagraph (A), the Assistant Secretary shall
23	ensure that not less than 50 percent of the
24	amounts made available for the grants are re-
25	served for petitioners.

1	(2) Eligibility.—The Assistant Secretary
2	shall provide a grant under paragraph (1) based on
3	a demonstration of need of a petitioner or an inter-
4	ested party that is evaluated using such objective
5	criteria as the Secretary may promulgate by regula-
6	tion.
7	(3) OTHER ASSISTANCE.—A grant made to an
8	Indian group under paragraph (1) shall be in addi-
9	tion to any other assistance received by the Indian
10	group under any other provision of law.
11	(4) Authorization of appropriations.—
12	There are authorized to be appropriated to carry out
13	this subsection such sums as are necessary for each
14	of fiscal years 2004 through 2014.
15	(e) Federal Acknowledgment Research Pilot
16	Project.—
17	(1) Establishment.—The Assistant Secretary
18	shall establish a Federal acknowledgment research
19	pilot project to make available additional research
20	resources for researching, reviewing, and analyzing
21	petitions for acknowledgment received by the Assist-
22	ant Secretary.
23	(2) Composition.—
24	(A) In General.—The Assistant Sec-
25	retary, in consultation with the Secretary of the

1	Smithsonian Institution, shall identify a variety
2	of independent research institutions that have
3	the academic and research facilities capable of
4	assisting in the review of petitions described in
5	paragraph (1).
6	(B) Proposals.—The Assistant Secretary
7	shall—
8	(i) invite each institution identified
9	under subparagraph (A) to submit to the
10	Assistant Secretary a proposal for partici-
11	pation in the pilot project; and
12	(ii) approve not more than 3 pro-
13	posals submitted under clause (i).
14	(C) Grants.—The Assistant Secretary
15	may provide a grant to each institution the pro-
16	posal of which is approved under subparagraph
17	(B)(ii) to assist the institution in participating
18	in the pilot project.
19	(3) Duties.—Each institution approved to par-
20	ticipate in the pilot project shall assemble and pro-
21	vide a research team that, under the direction of the
22	Assistant Secretary, shall—
23	(A) review submissions described in para-
24	graph (1); and

- 1 (B) submit to the Assistant Secretary con-2 clusions and recommendations of the research 3 team that are based on the submissions re-4 viewed.
- 5 (4) USE OF CONCLUSIONS.—The Assistant Sec-6 retary may take into consideration any conclusions 7 and recommendations of a research team in making 8 a determination of acknowledgment under this Act.
 - (5) Report.—Not later than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the Assistant Secretary shall submit to Congress a report that describes the effectiveness of the pilot project.
- 13 (6) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
 14 There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
 15 this subsection \$3,000,000 for each of fiscal years
 16 2004 through 2006.

17 SEC. 7. INAPPLICABILITY OF FOIA.

- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 552 of title 5, United 19 States Code (commonly known as the "Freedom of Infor-
- 20 mation Act"), shall not apply to any action of the Assist-
- 21 ant Secretary with respect to a petition for acknowledg-
- 22 ment under this Act, and the Assistant Secretary shall
- 23 have no obligation to provide all or any portion of a peti-
- 24 tion, or to provide information regarding the contents of
- 25 a petition, to any person or entity, until such time as—

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1	(1) the petition has been fully documented; and
2	(2) the Assistant Secretary has published a no-
3	tice in accordance with section $4(c)(1)(A)$.
4	(b) Exception.—The restriction under subsection
5	(a) on the provision of information contained in or relating
6	to a petition shall not apply to any formal or informal
7	request made or subpoena issued by a law enforcement
8	agency of the United States.
9	(c) Assistance From Attorney General.—
10	(1) In general.—The Secretary may request
11	assistance from the Attorney General in responding
12	to requests for information relating to a petition
13	made in accordance with section 552 of title 5,
14	United States Code.
15	(2) Authorization of appropriations.—
16	There is authorized to be appropriated to the Attor-
17	ney General to provide assistance requested under
18	this subsection \$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years
19	2004 through 2008.
20	SEC. 8. EFFECT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF DECISIONS.
21	(a) In General.—The acknowledgment of any peti-
22	tioner under this Act shall not reduce or eliminate—
23	(1) the right of any other Indian tribe to govern
24	the reservation of that other tribe (as the reservation

1	exists before, on, or after the date of acknowledg-
2	ment of the petitioner);
3	(2) any property right held in trust or recog-
4	nized by the United States for the other Indian tribe
5	(as that property right existed before the date of ac-
6	knowledgment of the petitioner); or
7	(3) any previously or independently existing
8	claim by a petitioner to any property right described
9	in paragraph (2) held in trust by the United States
10	for the other Indian tribe before the date of ac-
11	knowledgment of the petitioner.
12	(b) Eligibility for Services and Benefits.—
13	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), or
14	acknowledgment by the Assistant Secretary of a pe-
15	titioner under this Act, the newly-acknowledged In-
16	dian tribe shall—
17	(A) have a government-to-government rela-
18	tionship with the United States;
19	(B) be eligible for the programs and serv-
20	ices provided by the United States to members
21	of other Indian tribes because of the status of
22	those members as Indians; and
23	(C) have the responsibilities, obligations.
24	privileges, and immunities of those other Indian
25	tribes.

1	(2) Programs of the Bureau.—
2	(A) IN GENERAL.—The acknowledgment
3	by the Assistant Secretary of an Indian group
4	under this Act shall not establish any imme-
5	diate entitlement to participation in any pro-
6	gram of the Bureau in existence as of the date
7	of acknowledgment.
8	(B) Availability of programs.—
9	(i) In general.—Participation in a
10	program described in subparagraph (A)
11	shall be available to an Indian tribe de-
12	scribed in paragraph (1) at such time as
13	funds are made available for that purpose.
14	(ii) Requests for appropria-
15	TIONS.—The Secretary and the Secretary
16	of Health and Human Services shall sub-
17	mit budget requests for funding for in-
18	creased participation in a program de-
19	scribed in subparagraph (A) in accordance
20	with subsection (c).
21	(c) Needs Determination and Budget Re-
22	QUEST.—
23	(1) In general.—Not later than 180 days
24	after a petitioner is acknowledged under this Act,

the appropriate officials of the Bureau and the In-

- dian Health Service of the Department of Health
 and Human Services shall consult with the newly-acknowledged Indian tribe concerning, develop in cooperation with the newly-acknowledged Indian tribe,
 and forward to the Secretary or the Secretary of
 Health and Human Services, as appropriate—
- 7 (A) a determination of the needs of the In-8 dian tribe; and
- 9 (B) a recommended budget required to serve the Indian tribe.
 - each fiscal year, the Secretary or the Secretary of Health and Human Services, as appropriate, shall submit to the President a recommended budget for programs and services provided by the United States to members of Indian tribes because of the status of those members as Indians (including funding recommendations for newly-acknowledged Indian tribes based on the information received under paragraph (1)) for inclusion in the annual budget submitted by the President to Congress in accordance with section 1108 of title 31, United States Code.
- 23 SEC. 9. REGULATIONS.

24 The Secretary may—

1	(1) promulgate such regulations as are nec-
2	essary to carry out this Act; and
3	(2) maintain in effect all regulations contained
4	in part 83 of title 25, Code of Federal Regulations
5	(or any successor regulations), that are not incon-
6	sistent with this Act.

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